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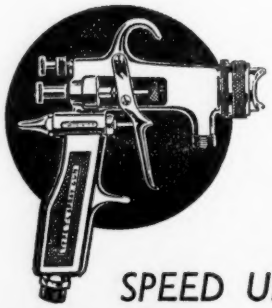

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Special Article

WHOLESALE PRICES IN JANUARY

BOARD OF TRADE INDEX NUMBER

The following table shows the movement of wholesale prices in the last thirteen months in each of the eleven groups of commodities specified. It also shows the changes over the same period in prices of (a) industrial materials, classified according to stage of manufacture, and (b) building materials. All the commodities included in (a) and (b) are also included in their appropriate commodity groups (V-XI). In cases where the Government buys a commodity at one price and resells it at a lower one (e.g. home-produced meat) the subsidised price is the one used for the index; where different prices are charged according to the use to which the article is put (e.g. in the case of sugar and flour) a weighted average of these is taken.

Averages for the Year 1930 = 100

Group	1941												1942
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
I. Cereals	145·8	144·2	140·5	139·0	142·5	146·5	148·5	151·2	157·7	160·8	163·7	168·0	173·7
II. Meat, fish and eggs	119·7	118·7	120·0	122·1	120·3	119·7	116·2	116·4	116·4	115·8	115·5	116·0	116·2
III. Other food and tobacco ...	164·9	165·9	167·2	166·3	166·2	165·4	170·7	167·0	165·5	165·3	166·2	167·5	166·5
Total—Food and tobacco ...	144·7	144·3	144·1	144·0	144·4	145·1	146·3	145·8	147·1	147·7	148·7	150·5	151·6
IV. Coal	155·3	156·0	156·0	156·0	156·1	161·1	161·5	162·1	162·1	162·5	162·8	162·8	162·8
V. Iron and steel	180·2	180·6	180·9	181·0	181·0	181·2	181·3	181·2	181·2	181·5	181·4	181·7	181·7
VI. Non-ferrous metals	123·4	123·8	124·2	124·2	124·1	124·1	123·8	123·7	123·7	123·7	123·7	124·1	124·4
VII. Cotton	130·2	133·1	135·5	136·7	137·7	139·5	140·0	140·3	141·1	141·1	142·1	142·4	142·9
VIII. Wool	167·8	168·4	168·8	168·9	169·8	170·3	170·6	170·7	170·9	171·3	171·7	171·9	171·9
IX. Other textiles	110·3	109·6	112·6	113·6	116·6	123·2	123·6	124·0	128·5	128·1	127·9	126·5	127·0
X. Chemicals and oils	123·9	124·4	125·5	126·2	126·1	126·4	127·5	127·9	128·3	128·5	129·2	129·7	130·4
XI. Miscellaneous	163·4	166·3	167·4	167·7	168·2	168·4	169·1	169·8	171·4	172·0	172·8	172·6	172·2
Total—Industrial materials and manufactures	151·7	152·9	153·9	154·2	154·7	156·1	156·5	156·8	157·7	158·0	158·3	158·4	158·5
TOTAL—All articles	149·5	150·0	150·8	150·9	151·3	152·4	153·2	153·2	154·3	154·6	155·2	155·9	156·4
Industrial materials (excluding fuel):—													
Basic materials	159·5	161·0	163·6	164·7	166·3	167·0	167·7	168·1	170·4	170·9	171·0	170·5	170·1
Intermediate products	161·4	162·6	163·6	163·7	164·0	165·6	165·8	165·8	166·7	167·0	167·5	167·7	167·8
Manufactured articles...	145·9	147·0	147·3	147·6	147·8	148·5	148·6	148·9	149·1	149·4	149·8	150·3	150·7
Building materials	136·3	137·7	137·7	138·2	138·2	139·3	140·0	140·3	140·3	141·0	141·1	141·8	141·9

Wholesale prices, as measured by the Board of Trade index number, showed a rise of 0·3 per cent. in January, as compared with December, food prices rising by 0·7 per cent. and those of industrial materials and manufactures by 0·1 per cent. Rises of this order of magnitude have persisted month after month, despite the control and virtual stabilisation of more and more prices. The aggregate increases since the outbreak of war were: general index 59 per cent., food prices 68 per cent., and industrial materials and manufactures 55 per cent.

The re-grouped data, in which the prices of industrial materials and manufactures (except fuel) are classified according to the stage of completion reached by the products concerned, showed increases of 0·1 and 0·3 per cent., respectively, for intermediate products and manufactured articles, but a decrease of 0·2 per cent. for basic materials. Increases in comparison with August 1939 were: basic materials 80 per cent., intermediate products 61 per cent. and manufactured articles 39 per cent. Prices of building materials rose by 0·1 per cent. in January as compared with December, the increase since the outbreak of war being 36 per cent.

Food prices rose in each week of the month, but movements in the prices of industrial materials and manufactures were very small. The rise in food prices both in January and in other recent months has been due mainly to higher prices for barley.

PRICE CHANGES IN COMMODITY GROUPS

The following table shows the number of items included in each of the groups of commodities distinguished in compiling the index number, and the percentage changes in each group comparing prices in January with those of a month and a year earlier; the index numbers for August 1939 are given to show the movement since the outbreak of war.

Group	No. of items	Increase (+) or Decrease (−) per cent. in January 1942, compared with		Index Numbers (1930 = 100)		
		Dec. 1941	Jan. 1941	Jan. 1942	Dec. 1941	Aug. 1939
I. Cereals	20	+3·4	+19·1	173·7	168·0	84·0
II. Meat, fish and eggs	20	+0·2	− 2·9	116·2	116·0	84·3
III. Other food and tobacco ...	28	−0·6	+ 1·0	166·5	167·5	100·1
Total—Food and tobacco ...	68	+0·7	+ 4·8	151·6	150·5	90·4
IV. Coal	9	*	+ 4·8	162·8	162·8	117·4
V. Iron and steel ...	37	*	+ 0·8	181·7	181·7	128·6
VI. Non-ferrous metals	8	+0·2	+ 0·8	124·4	124·1	100·7
VII. Cotton	10	+0·4	+ 9·8	142·9	142·4	81·4
VIII. Wool	11	*	+ 2·4	171·9	171·9	102·6
IX. Other textiles ...	9	+0·4	+15·1	127·0	126·5	74·1
X. Chemicals and oils	15	+0·5	+ 5·2	130·4	129·7	93·0
XI. Miscellaneous ...	33	−0·2	+ 5·4	172·2	172·6	96·1
Total — Industrial materials and manufactures ...	132	+0·1	+ 4·5	158·5	158·4	102·2
TOTAL—All articles... ...	200	+0·3	+ 4·6	156·4	155·9	98·1
Industrial materials (excluding fuel):—						
Basic materials ...	33	−0·2	+ 6·6	170·1	170·5	94·5
Intermediate products	38	+0·1	+ 4·0	167·8	167·7	104·0
Manufactured articles	48	+0·3	+ 3·3	150·7	150·3	108·7
Building materials ...	16	+0·1	+ 4·1	141·9	141·8	104·1

* No appreciable change.

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Special Article—*continued.*

Food and Tobacco.—Barley prices rose again in January, as in each of the eight preceding months, the increase in the Gazette average last month being 13 per cent. and that for malting barley 10½ per cent. The only other material price change in January was a rise of 2 per cent. in the price of potatoes. The reduction in the price of sugar for domestic purposes which was made on 15 December was effective throughout the whole of January, and so lowered the average quotation for sugar by about 6 per cent.

Industrial Materials and Manufactures.—No group index was changed by more than ½ per cent. in January and the only price changes for individual commodities during the month which exceeded 1 per cent. were: increases for linen yarn, cambric warps (2½ per cent.), for jute (1½ per cent.), and for two items in the chemicals and oils group, aspirin (5½ per cent.) and salicylic acid (3 per cent.), each having a weight of only one-fifth in the index; and a decrease of 7½ per cent. for imported hides (Frigorificos).

Special Article—*Continued.*

Percentage Changes.—The following table shows in 5 per cent. ranges the increases and decreases among the price averages for food and industrial materials:—

JANUARY COMPARED WITH DECEMBER

Per cent.	Food (68 items)		Industrial materials (132 items)	
	Increases	Decreases	Increases	Decreases
10–15	6	–	—	–
5–10	–	4	—	1
Under 5	6	–	16	3
Total	12	4	16	4

Announcements

NOTE: Copies of all Orders referred to in the "Board of Trade Journal" can be purchased from H.M. Stationery Office, or through any bookseller.

SINGAPORE

All applications for shipping space to Singapore for commercial orders should be made to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, Shipping Department, 78, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.3. Forms of application will be supplied by the Crown Agents on request.

Applicants must quote the number of the export licence granted by the Export Licensing Department, Board of Trade.

SOVIET TRADE REPRESENTATIVE IN THE UNITED KINGDOM

In accordance with Article 5 (5) of the Anglo-Soviet Temporary Commercial Agreement of 16 February 1934 the Ambassador of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics has notified H.M. Government that Monsieur Dmitri Borisenko has been appointed Trade Representative of the U.S.S.R. in the United Kingdom in succession to Monsieur Vlas Andrevitch Klentsov.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY

ADDITIONS TO "BLACK LIST"

The Board of Trade announce that they have made the Trading with the Enemy (Specified Persons) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order, 1942 (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 147, price 5d. net). The Order, which came into force on 11 February, contains 705 additions to the "Black List" of traders in neutral countries with whom it is unlawful to have dealings of any kind.

ADVICE TO SHIPPERS

The following additions have been made to the vessels belonging to owners who are included in the Statutory List (see the "Board of Trade Journal" of 7 February, page 75):—

Vessel	Flag	Tons	Owner
Cala Bona	Spain	72	Naviera Mallorquina (D. Ramis Mut).
Cala Castell ...	Ditto	123	Ditto
Cala Mitjana ...	Ditto	92	Ditto

NETHERLANDS CONCERNS TRANSFERRED TO NETHERLANDS OVERSEA TERRITORY

With reference to the notice under the above heading in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 3 January (pages 4–5), following is a further list of concerns which the Netherlands Government has certified as having transferred their seats from the Netherlands:—

SEAT TRANSFERRED TO BATAVIA

N.V. Eau de Cologne Fabriek J. C. Boldoot.

SEAT TRANSFERRED TO WILLEMSTAD, CURAÇAO

N.V. Holland-Canada Hypotheekbank.

WAR DAMAGE INSURANCE: SEAGOING YACHTS

The Board of Trade announce that, pending an amendment of the War Damage Act, 1941, they have made provisional arrangements for the insurance against war damage of laid-up seagoing yachts which, when in use, are used only for pleasure and which, if they were insurable under Part II of the War Damage Act, would be insurable in relation to the applicants under the Business Scheme.

The rate of premium for this insurance is that payable under the Business Scheme and the payment of compensation will normally be deferred until after the war.

Further information and forms of application for insurance under these arrangements can be obtained from the Assistant Secretary, Insurance and Companies Department, Board of Trade, Romney House, Tufton Street, London, S.W.1.

EXPORT LICENSING

VARIOUS GOODS: EXTENSION AND SUPERSESSION OF CONTROL—CORRECTION

Lines 13 and 14 in the notice on page 75 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 7 February should read:—

"Articles of the following descriptions made wholly or mainly of non-precious metals":—

CHLORINATED RUBBER

Under the Export of Goods (Control) (No. 6) Order, 1942 (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 215, price 1d.) which came into force on 11 February 1942, licences are required to export chlorinated rubber (including expanded chlorinated rubber) and rubber hydrochloride to all destinations.

WORN BOOTS

Under the Export of Goods (Control) (No. 7) Order, 1942 (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 240, price 1d.), licences will be required to export worn boots to all destinations.

FUEL SUPPLIES TO INDUSTRIAL CONSUMERS

The Board of Trade directs the attention of industrial fuel consumers to the urgent need for avoiding conversions of plant from one fuel to another (e.g. from oil to coal, etc.), except on the advice of one of the Government Departments mentioned below. Such changes often involve diversion of labour and materials from more vital needs and lead to unnecessary fuel supply difficulties.

If a change from one type of fuel to another, or the installation of new plant, is contemplated, the consumer should first consult the appropriate Government Department. In the case of a

Announcements—*Continued.*

consumer executing contracts for one of the Production Ministries, this Ministry should be consulted and will in turn when necessary approach the Fuel Department of the Board of Trade responsible for the fuel to which the conversion is contemplated. A consumer not executing contracts for one of the Production Ministries should approach the appropriate Fuel Department of the Board of Trade *direct*. The Fuel Departments are as follows:

In the case of *coal*, the *Mines Department through its Divisional Coal Officers.*

Liquid Fuel (petroleum, creosote and creosote/pitch mixture), the *Petroleum Department, Millbank, London, S.W.*1.

Gas, the *Directorate of Gas Supply, Board of Trade, New Oxford House, Bloomsbury Way, London, W.C.*1.

Electricity, the *Electricity Commission through the local electricity supply undertaking.*

The consumer will then be directed in the light of available fuel and plant supplies.

Special considerations apply for *creosote/pitch* mixture and *pitch*. To secure the maximum use of the country's production of creosote and pitch and at the same time a reduction in the use of imported fuel oil, it has for some time been the policy of the Government that consumers previously using fuel oil or creosote should, in suitable cases, turn over to creosote/pitch mixture. Many consumers have already made or are in process of making this change, and those in the latter position are asked to complete the work by the earliest possible date. Further conversions may become necessary but they should not be undertaken except on the advice of the Petroleum Department.

In certain parts of the country there are still substantial quantities of *pitch* available and any fuel consumers wishing to consider its use should approach the *Mines Department, Coal Tar Control, Quebec House, Leeds*, 1.

GOODS CONTAINING GOLD: CINEMATOGRAPH FILM

The Board of Trade have made the Limitation of Supplies (Miscellaneous) (No. 14) Order, 1942 (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 187, price 1d.) which revises the conditions on which manufacturers may supply controlled goods containing gold. Since 1 January registered persons have not been allowed to supply controlled goods of Class 15 (Jewellery, and Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' wares) of their own manufacture if the metal content of these goods includes 37½ per cent. or more, by weight of gold. The prohibition will in future apply to goods consisting of or containing any gold finer than 9 carat and it will extend not only to Class 15 but also to Class 14 (Fancy Goods, including Cigarette Cases, Cigarette Holders, Fountain Pens, etc.). The prohibition also extends to goods of these classes manufactured by unregistered persons. In future therefore manufacturers may use 9 carat gold, but no finer, in the making of these goods.

The new Order also corrects two small errors in the Limitation of Supplies (Miscellaneous) (No. 13) Order, 1941 (see the "Board of Trade Journal" of 6 December 1941, page 354) in the list of goods excepted from control in Class 12. The first item of this list will now read: "Cinematograph film of standard width of 1⅜ inches in lengths exceeding 100 feet."

STANDARD WEDDING RINGS (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER

The Board of Trade have issued a General Licence (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 171, price 1d.) permitting the supply by manufacturers of plain wedding rings made of 9 carat gold, and each weighing not more than 2 dwt. The prohibition contained in the Limitation of Supplies (Miscellaneous) (No. 14) Order (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 187, price 1d.) is waived by this licence, but sales of the rings will be subject to quota. Each of the rings must be impressed with a special mark, consisting of two intersecting circles enclosed within a rectangle.

The Board have made the Standard Wedding Rings (Maximum Prices) Order (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 216, price 1d.) under the Goods and Services (Price Control) Act 1941 fixing the maximum retail selling price of these rings, if weighing 2 dwt. at one guinea each, including Purchase Tax. The maximum prices of rings of lighter weight than 2 dwt. are fixed proportionately to their weight, i.e., half a guinea per dwt.

RUBBER CONTROL

The address of the Rubber Control is now Empire House, St. Martin's le Grand, London, E.C.1. Telephone: Clerkenwell 7931.

The Minister of Supply has made the Control of Rubber (No. 5) Order (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 191, price 2d.) in pursuance of the Waste Rubber Salvage Campaign. The purpose of the campaign is to collect the nation's resources of scrap rubber, with the aid of local authorities and dealers, for utilisation by reclamation or other means.

Announcements—*Continued.*

Until used the rubber will be stored at depots which will be under the charge either of the Ministry of Supply or of certified waste rubber merchants, who will grade and sort it.

The Order establishes maximum prices in respect of each type of waste for the different classes of purchaser-reclaimer, certified waste merchant, and dealer. The Order also prohibits the use of waste rubber, save under licence, by anyone except a reclaimed rubber manufacturer, or in the case of old tyres, a tyre retreader.

A further Order, the Control of Rubber (No. 6) Order (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 192, price 1d.) places under licence the treatment, use or consumption of crude rubber. The acquisition of rubber without a licence is already prohibited.

CONTROL OF CORK

The Minister of Supply has made the Control of Cork (No. 1) Order, 1942 (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 193, price 1d.).

The Order prohibits, except under licence, the use of cork in the production of toys, sports goods, stationery, cigarette tips, footwear, headwear, household, office and shop fittings, accessories, furniture and furnishings, and roof, wall and floor coverings and linings. Examples of goods likely to be affected are tennis rackets, cricket bats and balls, bath and table mats, etc.

Applications for licences should be addressed to the Ministry of Supply (Dept. R., M.2.A), Warwick. As a general rule, no licence will be granted for the use of cork for the above-mentioned articles except in respect of insulating roof or wall coverings and linoleums.

The production of the following articles is not restricted by the Order:—

> Parts of mechanical lighters, fountain pens, typewriters, teleprinters, foot-wear bottom fillers to go between the inner and outer soles, natural cork helmet sets, medical and surgical supplies and any article in which cork is required by law to be used.

The Order does not restrict the use of cork in the fulfilment of Government contracts or the finishing of partly manufactured goods.

CONTROL OF KAPOK

The Minister of Supply has made the Control of Kapok (No. 2) Order (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 185), the effect of which is that kapok may not be acquired or used for Government contracts except under licence. It is, however, provided by a Direction (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 186) which is issued with this Order, price 1d., that any Government contractor may without licence acquire kapok from a Government Department with which he has a contract and use that kapok directly in fulfilment of that Government contract. The Order and Direction came into force on 9 February.

Enquiries should be addressed to the Ministry of Supply (Kapok Control), Washington Hotel, City Road, Chester, Tel.: Chester 2301, from whom application forms for licences can be obtained.

CONTROL OF TIMBER

The Minister of Supply has made the Control of Timber (No. 23) Order (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 194, price 3d.), providing new maximum prices and selling conditions for:—

(i) Home-grown telegraph and transmission poles, and

(ii) Home-grown sleepers and crossing timbers;

with the object of encouraging production of poles and particularly of sleepers suitable for use on the main railway lines.

HOME-GROWN PITWOOD

TRANSPORT SUBSIDY

With reference to the notice headed "Transport Subsidy for Home Grown Mining Timber—United Kingdom," which appeared in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 5 September 1940, page 151, further notice is hereby given:—

(1) That from 8 February 1942 home grown mining timber dispatched from railway stations in the counties of Kent, Surrey and Sussex will normally qualify for transport subsidy only if consigned to a coal mine in Kent.

(2) In certain circumstances (see clause 8 of the notice previously referred to) special permission may be granted for transport to other coalfields on application being made to Ministry of Supply, Pitwood Department, Timber Control, Clifton Down Hotel, Bristol, 8.

Announcements—*Continued.*

CONTROL OF MOLASSES AND INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL

The Minister of Supply has made the Control of Molasses and Industrial Alcohol (No. 14) Order (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 182, price 1d.), controlling paraformaldehyde (Paraform), metaformaldehyde or hexamethylene tetramine (hexamine, hexine, urotropine).

Licences are necessary in connection with the acquisition or disposal of quantities of these materials exceeding in the aggregate 1 cwt. in any period of six calender months. Applications for licences should be addressed to the Molasses and Industrial Alcohol Control, Great Burgh, Epsom.

SUPPLEMENTARY COUPONS FOR INDUSTRIAL CLOTHING

The Board of Trade have now decided to award Supplementary Clothing Coupons to certain types of iron and steel workers in sections of the industry not covered by their previous award (ISCA.1302/41). Awards are now announced to :—

(1) Certain Workers in Non-Ferrous Metal Industries.
(2) Certain Coke and By-Products and Gas Workers.
(3) Certain other Workers, including Salt, Asphalt, Textile, Coal Distributive Workers, and Dockers.

These coupons will be issued to employers for distribution to their workers, and individual workers must not apply. Employers in the trades concerned should get into touch with their nearest Local Office of the Ministry of Labour and National Service on 16 February, or as soon afterwards as possible (and in any case not later than 28 February), where full instructions for the distribution of the Supplementary Coupons to the workers entitled to them will be available.

GLOVES

Under the Consumer Rationing (No. 8) Order, 1941 (see the "Board of Trade Journal" of 17 January 1942, page 39), traders need not collect coupons on the sale of agricultural, horticultural and household gloves of rough-tanned and undyed leather, nor for scavenging gloves and gloves of whatever material suitable only for industrial purposes, provided the word "industrial" is indelibly marked on the back of each glove in a colour contrasting with that of the gloves. The same principles apply to mittens fulfilling such conditions.

All the above types of gloves and mittens must be marked if they are to be sold coupon-free; if the supplier delivered them unmarked to the retailer, they must be marked by the retailer

On the other hand, marking does not make gloves or mittens exempt from coupons if they do not conform to the above descriptions.

It is suggested that the word "industrial" should be at least 2 inches long and ½ inch high and should be conspicuously marked on the back of the glove between the wrist and a line not less than 1 inch below the junction of the figures with the back of the glove. This marking would be regarded as satisfactory by the Board of Trade.

SUPPLIES TO VOLUNTARY HOSPITALS

The arrangements made at the beginning of clothes rationing for voluntary hospitals to get supplies of coupon-free goods, have been terminated. Applications to the Board of Trade, however, may now be made by voluntary hospitals to obtain supplies of rationed goods (excluding uniforms) necessary for the essential services of the hospital. In general, the Board will grant licences on such applications only to the extent to which a special allocation of raw materials has been made by the Ministry of Health.

Applications should be made either by the hospital or the trader on a form to be obtained from the Board of Trade, Marsham Court, Bournemouth.

PNEUMONIA JACKETS

The Board of Trade wish to point out that pneumonia jackets are not subject to rationing and should therefore be supplied coupon-free.

MINISTRY OF FOOD ORDERS

In continuation of the list given in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 7 February (page 76), the following Orders made by the Ministry of Food have been published as S. R. & O. 1942 :—

No. 174. Order, dated 31 January 1942, amending the Saccharin (Control and Maximum Prices) Order, 1941. (1d.).

No. 175. The Tea (Restriction on Dealings) Order, 1942, dated 31 January 1942. (1d.)

Announcements—*Continued.*

No. 176. Directions, dated 31 January 1942, under the Feeding Stuffs (Rationing) Order, 1942. (1d.)

No. 177. General Licence, dated 31 January 1942, under the Home Grown Rye (Control and Maximum Prices) Order, 1941. (1d.)

No. 195. Order, dated 3 February 1942, amending the Mincemeat and Fruit Curd (Control and Maximum Prices) Order, 1941. (1d.)

No. 180. General Licence, dated 2 February 1942, under the Soya Flour (Control and Maximum Prices) Order, 1941. (1d.)

No. 204. Order, dated 4 February 1942, amending the Potatoes (1941 Crop) (Control) (No. 2) Order, 1941, and giving Directions thereunder. (1d.)

No. 120. Order, dated 5 February 1942, amending the Rice (Maximum Prices) Order, 1941. (1d.)

No. 211. The Soap (Licensing of Manufacturers and Rationing) Order, 1942, dated 6 February 1942. (2d.)

No. 212. Order, dated 6 February 1942, amending the Ships' Stores (Control) Order, 1939. (1d.)

BILLS OF EXCHANGE: PROMISSORY NOTES, ETC.

With reference to the notice in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 15 May 1941 (see page 325, under "New Finance Orders") the Capital Issues Committee have stated that bills of exchange and promissory notes with a longer currency than six months do not need Treasury consent before issue *providing the total issue (including shares, stock, bills, etc.) in any twelve months does not exceed* £10,000.

PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT, 1933

SALE OF SURGICAL SPIRIT

Attention is drawn to the Poisons (Amendment) Rules, 1942 (S. R. & O. 1942 No. 155, price 1d.), which provide for the inclusion of surgical spirit (in which a small quantity of brucine has been substituted for diethyl phthalate) in Group II of the 3rd Schedule to the Poisons Rules, 1935, thereby exempting the new formula from the restrictions governing the sale of brucine. The sale of surgical spirit in accordance with the new formula will, however, remain subject to the Methylated Spirits Regulations, 1930, which require surgical spirit to be labelled "for external use only—not to be taken." The general restrictions which apply to brucine as a poison included in Part I of the Poisons List are not otherwise affected by the new Rules.

BRITISH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

FLEXIBLE CABLES FOR ELECTRIC LIFTS

A Committee of the British Standards Institution had, prior to the outbreak of war, made considerable progress in the preparation of a British standard for electric lifts.

Unfortunately the work has been very much retarded under present conditions and has not been completed as quickly as was hoped.

In the course of the work the problem of flexible cables suitable for the power and control circuits was considered and a specification was prepared based on a number of tests carried out, particularly with regard to fire resistance. In order that the decisions may be made available it has been decided that the specification for flexible cables for electric lifts should be published at once without waiting for the completiom of the lift specification.

The specification has therefore been issued under the reference B.S. 977.

The conductors of the cables are in accordance with B.S. 7 but the Standard includes special requirements with regard to the insulation, tapering, finish and testing, particularly for fire hazard.

Copies of this Specification may be obtained from the British Standards Institution, 28, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1, price 2s. 3d. post free.

ELECTRIC ARC WELDING PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The British Standards Institution have just issued a revision of B.S. 638, Electric Arc Welding Plant and Equipment and Welding Accessories.

The Specification was first issued in 1935 and the present revision has now been undertaken in order to give effect to the modification, which, in the light of experience, appeared necessary. Considerable criticism was raised about the unwieldly character of the cables and a somewhat lighter and more flexible type of cable has now been specified.

Provision has been made for D.C. and A.C. reactors and

Announcements—*Continued.*

requirements have been included relating to voltage regulation for both welding generators and transformers.

The appendix which has been added sets out in detail the information to be included on the rating plates for each type of equipment.

These are but a few of the alterations made in the revision; others relate to some of the temperature rises, the maximum voltage recommended, values of the rating current, etc.

Copies of this Specification may be obtained from the British Standards Institution, 28, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1, price 2s. 3d. post free.

BRITISH STANDARDS INSTITUTION.

The Board of Trade have nominated Colonel H. S. Briggs, O.B.E., M.I.Mech.E., to be the Government representative on the Executive Committee of the British Standards Institution.

Trade and Industry

BRITISH EMPIRE

UNITED KINGDOM

CORN PRICES

The following statement shows the average prices of British corn per cwt. of 112 Imperial† pounds as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns in the week ended 7 February 1942 pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882, and the Corn Sales Act, 1921 :—

Period	Average Price for Cwt.		
	Wheat	Barley	Oats
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Week ended 7 February 1942 ...	15 7	44 2	15 4

† Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, as amended by Section 2 of the Corn Sales Act, 1921, provides that in the weekly summary of quantities and prices each sort of British corn shall be computed with reference to the hundredweight of one hundred and twelve Imperial standard pounds.

BRITISH INDIA

CROP CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta, reports as follows on the crops in India for the weeks ended on the dates stated :—

Bihar, 26 January. Winter paddy harvesting is complete. Threshing is going on. Crops are in fair condition.

Orissa, 26 January. The pressing of sugarcane continues. The castor and wheat crops are thriving.

Central Provinces, 24 January. Rain has benefited late-sown rabi crops. Hail damage is severe in Hoshangabad. Cotton picking continues.

Punjab, 26 January. Rain has benefited standing crops. The condition of crops is unchanged.

Bengal, 28 January. The condition of crops is satisfactory. The threshing of winter paddy continues.

Madras, 24 January. The sowing of paddy and dry crops is proceeding.

Assam, 2 February. Crop prospects are fair.

Indian Wheat Crop—First Estimate

Calcutta, 30 January. The first All-India estimate of the 1941-42 wheat crop, issued by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, is 32,108,000 acres, a decrease of 2 per cent. on last year's corresponding revised estimate of 32,811,000. The crop has been affected by rain, but its condition and prospects are at present fairly good.

Import Duty on Cotton in India

New Delhi, 30 January. The Indian Government has imposed an additional import duty of 1 anna a pound on raw cotton, the proceeds of which will be credited to a separate fund to be utilised in finance measures for the benefit of the growers of short-staple cotton in India.—*Trade Commissioner for India in London.*

Trade and Industry—*Continued.*

CANADA

DESTINATION OF EXPORTS JANUARY-NOVEMBER 1941

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, have recently issued figures showing the chief destinations of domestic exports during November last and the first eleven months of 1941, together with the comparative figures for 1940, as under :—

Country	November		Jan.-Nov.	
	1941	1940	1941	1940
		Thou.	dols.	
All countries ... total	162,435	117,452	1,470,531	1,081,333
Empire countries ... total	85,059	67,484	811,482	611,086
Foreign countries ... total	77,376	49,968	659,049	470,247
British East Africa ...	168	2,279	3,679	4,138
British South Africa ...	3,016	2,221	33,555	35,002
Southern Rhodesia ...	219	115	2,770	1,601
British West Africa ...	115	76	1,372	549
Bermuda	422	249	2,522	1,415
British India (with Burma)	3,519	1,607	37,542	9,071
Straits Settlements ...	1,000	336	8,973	3,776
British Guiana	965	324	5,028	2,181
British West Indies ...	3,745	2,202	27,305	15,439
Hong Kong	904	85	2,844	1,652
Newfoundland	5,291	2,065	27,534	11,450
Australia	3,273	2,262	35,342	32,002
New Zealand	1,022	391	9,355	8,544
Palestine	3	5	1,035	241
Eire	409	442	1,714	5,668
United Kingdom	60,826	52,733	609,811	477,150
United States	59,886	43,959	537,479	399,192
Argentina	687	634	6,561	5,375
Brazil	798	418	7,777	4,564
Chile	126	98	1,562	1,303
China	107	56	6,233	2,348
Colombia	203	104	1,623	1,355
Cuba	281	154	2,259	1,658
Egypt	10,394	2,056	66,034	3,577
Japan	1	504	1,502	10,942
Mexico	571	534	3,877	3,956
Netherlands East Indies ...	1,091	79	3,539	1,379
Peru	117	113	1,610	1,470
Russia	1,217	—	2,501	1
Switzerland	210	—	1,370	744
Hawaii	19	26	1,358	1,043
Phillippines	34	108	1,465	1,395
Puerto Rico	105	55	1,034	544
Venezuela	182	175	1,595	1,525

FOREIGN

ARGENTINA

GRAIN CROP ESTIMATES, 1941–42

According to figures recently issued by the Argentine Chamber of Commerce in London, the first official estimate of cereals and linseed production for the 1941–42 season was as under—the 1940–41 production figures are given for comparison :—

Commodity	First estimate 1941–42	Production 1940–41
	Thou. tons	Thou. tons
Wheat	6,000	7,380
Linseed	1,700	1,460
Oats	520	539
Barley	430	789
Rye	190	212
Birdseed	29	29

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes

BRITISH EMPIRE

AUSTRALIA

TARIFF DECISIONS

The following decisions respecting the application of the Australian Customs Tariff are among those issued by the Australian Department of Trade and Customs :—

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued.*

AUSTRALIA—*continued.*

Goods	Classification and duty under the British Preferential Tariff: Tariff Item No.	Rate of Duty
Advertising Matter by Post :—		
Customs Duty, Primage Duty, Special War Duty and Sales Tax :—		
The following rate which covers import duty, primage duty, special war duty and sales tax, will apply, whether prepaid or surcharged, when the duty at the fixed rate is higher than that at the ad valorem rate :—		
For each ⅜ oz. or portion thereof ...	—	¼d.
For convenience of computation, when the ad valorem rate returns a higher amount of duty than that at the fixed rate, the following percentage of the value for duty may be taken to cover import duty, primage duty, special war duty and sales tax	—	68% ad val.
Banding :—		
Spindle Banding, viz. :—		
Braiding, textile, tubular (not being for attire)	124	10%* ad val.
Cord, cotton (as cotton cordage)	390 (A) (1) (*b*) (1)	2½d. per lb. and 25% ad val.
and for each £1 by which the equivalent in Australian currency of £100 sterling is less than £125 at the date of exportation—an additional duty of		·03d. per lb. and ·6% ad val.
Cards, fettling, but not including brushes made of fettling card, for removing waste fibres from carding machines	415 (A) (2)	Free
Flints of the type used for incorporation in cigar and cigarette lighters	413 (A)	22½% ad val.
Hooks and Eyes :—		
Hooks for apparel, imported separately from the eyes	210	
(A) When in fancy boxes		25%* ad val.
(B) When not in fancy boxes		Free
Knives :—		
Throwing knives for use as projectiles in games or sports	310 (A)	25% ad val.
and for each £1 by which the equivalent in Australian currency of £100 sterling is less than £125 at the date of exportation—an additional duty of		·6% ad val.
NOTE.—These articles have no cutting edge but have a sharp point.		
Leather :—		
Lambskin, not cut to shape, for use in the manufacture of gas pressure governor diaphragms under security	404	Free
Persian sheepskin, not cut to shape, for use in the manufacture of gas pressure governor diaphragms, under security	404	Free
Machinery, Machines, etc. :—		
Renewing machine, nap, for eliminating shine and for restoration of colour and nap to worn clothing. The machine consists of a metal table with a vertical column incorporating an electric lamp, switches and an overhead runway from which latter is suspended an electric motor which operates a metal brushing tool by means of a flexible shaft :—		
Motor	179 (D) (1) (d)	30% ad val.
and for each £1 by which the equivalent in Australian currency of £100 sterling is less than £125 on the date of exportation—an additional duty of ...		·6% ad val.
Saws (so-called), raisin seeder, imported separately, for use with raisin seeders other than of the household type	174 (X) 68	Free
Wheels :—		
Gear wheels, imported separately, when not otherwise provided for in the Tariff, to be dutiable under the Item applicable to the highest rated machine with which they are commercially usable	—	—
Sprocket wheels, imported separately, to be dutiable under the Item applicable to the highest rated machine with which they are commercially usable	—	—
Metals :—		
Ferro-cerium. *See also* "Flints"— When not made up into definite articles...	Unspecified.	Free
Oils :—		
Petroleum oil for use as a medium for absorbing benzol vapours from coal gas, under security	415 (A) (2)	Free
Parallels, plain or adjustable, tool steel, hardened and ground, being precision tools designed for use in engineering tool-room workshops	415 (A) (2)	Free
Protractors, bevel, with or without acute angle attachments	219 (C)	Free
Speedometer parts, viz. :—		
Gears :—		
Imported with and incorporated in chassis—		
Drive gears	359 (D) (4)	
(a) or (b) Unassembled		Free
(c) Assembled		1½d. per lb.
Driven gears	351 (B) (2)	Free
Imported separately :—		
Drive gears	359 (D) (4)	
(a) or (b) Unassembled		Free
(c) Assembled		1½d. per lb.
Driven gears :—		
If commercially usable only with speedometers	351 (B) (2)	Free
Otherwise	176 (F) (1)	45%* ad val.
Driven gears imported with and for use with speedometers	351 (B) (2)	Free
Stands :—		
Specially designed for and commercially usable only with adding and computing machines imported separately or otherwise	169 (A) (3)	Free
NOTE.—This decision is an amendment to a former decision and inserts the word "adding" in place of the word "addressing."		
Timber :—		
Logs :—		
Not Sawn, viz. :—		
Klami-eyan (white) (*Anthocephalus Cadamba Miq., Fam. Rubiaceæ*), for use in the manufacture of butter boxes, under security	404	Free

* Subject to exchange deduction.

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued.*

BRITISH HONDURAS

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

The Board of Trade have now received a complete list of goods, the importation of which into British Honduras is prohibited and a list of articles which will be licensed only in limited quantities by quota. This confirms the information received by telegraph and published in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 10 January (pages 22-23).

BRITISH INDIA

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS ON MATERIALS OF CERTAIN DESCRIPTIONS

With reference to the notice under the above heading in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 18 October 1941 (page 241), the Board of Trade have received a copy of Notification No. 74—I.T.C./41, dated 22 November 1941, which provides for the following amendment to the Schedule annexed to Notification No. 25—I.T.C./40 of 31 December 1940.

For item (*p*) substitute

(*p*) Ferro-tungsten, tungsten metal powder and other tungsten products.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

H.M. Trade Commissioner at Calcutta reports by telegraph that Notification No. 79 brings all goods imported into British India under control and the importation is therefore prohibited, except under licence.

Goods imported from the United Kingdom are, generally, not affected, being covered by Open General Licence No. II.

CANADA

VALUATION FOR DUTY OF IMPORTED GOODS

H.M. Senior Trade Commissioner at Ottawa reports by telegraph that under authority of Section 36A of the Canadian Customs Act it is ordered that import and excise duties and taxes imposed in any country shall be disregarded in estimating the value for duty of goods imported into Canada.

EIRE

QUOTAS ON SPARKING PLUGS AND PARTS

With reference to the notice regarding quotas on sparking plugs and parts in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 23 August 1941 (page 108), the United Kingdom Senior Trade Commissioner at Dublin has forwarded to the Board of Trade a copy of the Control of Imports (Quota No. 35, Eleventh Period) Order, 1942, which appoints the period 1 March 1942 to 31 August 1942 as the next quota period for these goods and fixes the quota for that period at 4,000 articles.

GOLD COAST

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

The "Gold Coast Gazette" of 20 October 1941 contains a copy of a notice to importers which cancels Gazette Notice No. 459, published in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 18 October 1941 (page 244) under the sub-heading Import of Iron and Steel.

No further licences will be granted to import the goods set out in Schedule 1, through normal commercial channels. Separate arrangements have been made to meet requirements of iron and steel for mining, whether imported direct by mining companies or by local agencies, and Provisional Colonial Import Supply Licences will be issued for essential supplies of repair parts for British locomotives, machinery, etc., and for British standard screws, nuts and bolts.

Where supplies of semi-manufactured iron and steel goods (as detailed in Schedule II) are obtainable from sterling sources, e.g. Australia or India (or from Canada assuming they have normally been drawn from that Dominion) licences for the present will continue to be issued for the importation of such supplies in the ordinary way. Supplies from the Union of South Africa are covered by open licence.

SCHEDULE I

Iron and steel semi-manufactured; iron and steel manufactured (including plant and machinery); non-ferrous metals; motor vehicles and spare parts; machine tools and bearings; agricultural machines; tobacco-unmanufactured; paper boards; wood pulp; timber; flour; condensed milk (sweetened and unsweetened); hurricane lanterns; caustic soda.

SCHEDULE II

Semi-manufactured iron and steel products.

Ingots; billets; blooms and slabs (excluding shell steel); plates; medium plates; angles; channels; tees; joists; piling sections, other sectional materials; rounds; rods; squares hexagons; flats, other sections and shapes (and whether black or bright); rails; sleepers; fish-plates; sole-plates; sheets coated and uncoated less than 3 millimetres (including galvanised lead coated R.P.M. and cellactite sheets); tin plates (including tinned sheets), terne plates (including terne sheets), black plates (including silver-finished plates); steel tubes and pipes (including

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued.*

imported hollows); hoops, strips (and whether coated or uncoated and whether hot or cold rolled); tyres, axles, wheels; steel castings, forgings, stamps; colliery arches and accessories therefor, pit props; steel bolts, nuts, screws—stubs, washers, rivets and screws; railway springs (whether laminated or coiled); buffers; wire (whether plain or barbed); wire rods (coated or uncoated); wire strand; wire rope; wire netting; wire chain link fencing; wire mesh; wire nails (excluding boot and shoe grinders); wire staples (excluding machine staples); construction steel (whether fabricated or not) for inclusion in structure of a building; pig and foundry iron; iron castings; wrought iron.

GRENADA

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS

The Board of Trade have received a copy of Ordinance No. 7 of 1941, which cancels the notice in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 3 January 1942 and provides for the following increases of Customs Duties :—

Item No.	Article	Former Duties		New Duties	
		British Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	British Preferential Tariff	General Tariff
		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
74	Oil: (e) Motor spirits, including benzine, benzoline, gasoline, naphtha and petrol spirits generally per gallon	0 11	1 4½	1 2	1 9
89	Soap: (a) Common, including laundry, polishing and soft soap ... per 100 lbs.	2 0	3 0	4 0	5 0
97	Tobacco, unmanufactured: (b) leaf, other kinds per lb.	1 9	1 9	5 0	5 0
	Tobacco, manufactured: (b) Cigarettes ... ... per lb.	10 0	14 0	11 8	15 8

Note: Only the sub-items where duty has been increased and not the full items are quoted above.

JAMAICA

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

The Board of Trade have been informed by telegraph that the Import Restrictions Order 1942, of 27 January, rescinds Order No. 206 of 1941, published in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 6 September 1941.

The new restrictions limit the C.I.F. value of *bona fide* gifts which can be imported without licence to £2 sterling or $10 U.S.A. currency and the C.I.F. value of any article imported by parcel post from the United Kingdom without licence to £2 sterling instead of £10, in the case of parcels posted on or after 1 March 1942.

NEW ZEALAND

IMPORT LICENSING—SIXTH PERIOD

With reference to the notice under the above heading in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 3 January (pages 8–9) and previous notices, H.M. Trade Commissioner at Wellington has reported the following further modifications in the Schedule of import restrictions for the sixth period :—

Tariff Items and Goods		Former Grouping in Schedule
	The existing sixth period allocations in respect of the undermentioned items are to be increased from 50 per cent. to 100 per cent. of the amounts of licences granted for imports of similar goods in 1940 or 1941, as the case may be, except that no additional allocations are to be granted in respect of imports from the United States of America :—	
43.	Infants' and invalids' foods, etc.	A
ex 95.	Inorganic acids, n.e.i., etc. (excluding sulphuric acid)	AA
103.	Dextrine, n.e.i.	B
ex 105.	Chlorinated lime; formic aldehyde and solutions thereof; iodine, quinine and salts of quinine; strychnine and salts of strychnine	B
106.	Drugs and chemicals entered to be warehoused in a manufacturing warehouse, etc. ...	B
108.	Drugs, crude, etc.	B
109.	Drugs, crude, viz. Carrageen or Irish Moss...	B
115.	Essential oils	B
116 (3).	Gases, liquefied or compressed, n.e.i.... ...	B
118.	Gums and resins, viz. arabic, benzoin, etc. ...	B
ex 120 (3).	Vitamins, etc. (excluding wheat germ oil) ...	B
ex 121 (1).	Medicinal preparations, drugs, druggists' sundries, etc. (excluding effervescing saline preparations and cod liver oil emulsions).	
(2).	Medicinal preparations packed in hermetically sealed glass vessels, etc.	B
122.	Medicinal preparations containing over 50 per cent. proof spirit, etc.	B

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued.*

Tariff Items and Goods		Former Grouping in Schedule
*ex 124.	Metallic elements, n.e.i.; oxides, hydroxides, inorganic salts, n.e.i., etc. (excluding ammonium hydroxide, etc.)	B
130.	Saccharin in tablets, etc.	B
131.	Saccharin, n.e.i....	B
135.	Scientific and philosophical instruments, etc.	B
ex 152.	Elastics; elastic threads and cords; plain tapes; webbings, all kinds	AA
190.	Waterproof material in the piece	A
ex 136 (7).	Children's socks and stockings. The existing allocation for imports from the United Kingdom and Crown Colonies has been increased from 50 per cent. to 100 per cent. of the amounts of licences granted for *imports* of similar goods from that source during 1940...	A
ex 215.	Earthenware chambers, bed pans and commode pans. Inclusive of licences already granted, sixth-period licences may be granted for imports from the United Kingdom to the extent of 50 per cent. of the value of the applicant's imports of similar goods from the same source in 1938. Formerly licences were to be granted based on 100 per cent. of licences granted in 1940.	

Inclusive of licences already granted for amounts in *excess* of the allocations provided in the Sixth Period Schedule and in subsequent amendments, additional licences in respect of the undermentioned goods may now be granted, for the countries and on the basis set out in the schedule, to the following extent :—

		Additional allocation	
23.	Tea, in bulk, etc.	50 per cent.	AA
143.	Braids and bindings, cords, etc.	25 per cent.	A
ex 164. 170	Hat hoods, woven and similar of straw, etc.	25 per cent.	B
165.	Hat hoods, felt of wool or fur unblocked, etc.	25 per cent.	AA
166.	Hatmakers' materials excluding hat leather	25 per cent.	B
168.	Lace, laces and ribbons ...	25 per cent.	A
169.	Leather cloth, etc., in the piece	25 per cent.	AA
ex 171.	Pins, n.e.i., knitting pins, needles, etc., hooks and eyes	25 per cent.	AA
174.	Sewing cotton, silk threads, etc.	50 per cent.	AA
177.	Staymakers' corset fasteners, etc.	25 per cent.	B
178 (1) and (2).	Tailors' trimmings ...	25 per cent.	A
ex 180 (1).	Sheeting and other piece-goods on condition that materials are used in the manufacture of sheets, tablecloths, etc. ...	25 per cent.	A
ex 180 (1).	Textile piece-goods of cotton, linen, jute, etc. (other than moquettes, tapestry and tickings, sheetings, etc.) ... ... Licences formerly to be granted for imports from the United Kingdom up to 50% of licences issued for imports from all sources in 1940.	25 per cent.	
ex 180 (2).	Knitted or lock-stitched piece-goods of silk, etc.	25 per cent.	A
182.	Textile piece-goods—dress nets, curtain nets, etc.	25 per cent.	A
183 (1).	Moquettes and tapestries of wool, etc.	25 per cent.	A
ex 183 (2).	Textile piece goods, n.e.i., etc. (excluding piece goods for Army, etc., uniforms) ...	25 per cent.	A
186.	Umbrella-makers' materials, etc.	25 per cent.	A
187.	Union textiles, n.e.i., in the piece, etc.	25 per cent.	A
188.	Upholsterers' materials, etc. ...	25 per cent.	AA
192.	Yarns of cotton, silk, artificial silk, etc.	25 per cent.	B
ex 193.	Yarns, n.e.i. (excluding hand-knitting yarns, etc.)	25 per cent.	AA
ex 180 (1).	Moquettes, tapestries and tickings composed of cotton, linen, jute, other vegetable fibre, etc. Licences may be granted for imports from the United Kingdom to the extent of 75 per cent. of the amounts of licences granted for imports of similar goods from all sources in 1940		A

* Based on amounts of 1941 licences.

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued.*

NIGERIA

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS

The Board of Trade have received a copy of the Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1941, which came into force on 22 September 1941 and provides for the following modifications in the Nigeria Customs Tariff :—

FIRST SCHEDULE

Item No.	Article	Former Duty	New Duty
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
7	Bicycles and tricycles [(1)] whether imported assembled or in parts to be assembled ... ... each	0 10 0	0 10 0
	[(2) Parts imported to the satisfaction of the Comptroller for the replacement of parts of, or accessories to, existing bicycles or tricycles]	[16⅔% ad val.]	
15	Cotton piece-goods :		
	(1) *Interlock fabric :*		
	(*a*) *Unbleached* ... ... the lb.		0 0 4
	(*b*) *Bleached* ... ... the lb.		0 0 4
	(*c*) *Dyed* ... ... the lb.		0 0 5½
	(2) *Other*		
	[(1)] (*a*) Bleached ... ... the square yard	0 0 1	0 0 1
	[(2)] (*b*) Dyed ... ... the square yard	0 0 1½	0 0 1½
	[(3)] (*c*) Coloured Accepted as such by the Comptroller the square yard	0 0 1½	0 0 1½
	[(4)] (*d*) Grey the square yard	0 0 1	0 0 1
	[(5)] (*e*) Printed ... ... the square yard	0 0 1½	0 0 1½
	[(6)] (*f*) Madras, real or imitation ... ... the square yard	0 0 2¼	0 0 2¼
	[(7)] (*g*) Velvets and velveteens, plushes and pile fabrics the square yard	0 0 4	0 0 4
	[(8)] (*h*) Fents ... ... the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 6
18	Metals :		
	(1) Corrugated iron sheets... ... ... the 100 lbs.	0 2 6	0 2 6
	(2) Lead in any form *not in this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and not particularly exempted in the Second Schedule* ... ... the lb.	0 0 2	0 0 2
	(3) Nails, iron ... ... the 100 lbs.	0 6 8	0 6 8
20	Oils :		
	(1) Fuel ... ... the gallon	0 0 3	0 0 3
	(2) Motor spirit and products ordinarily used as such ; benzine, benzoline, naphtha (non-potable), gasoline, petrol and petroleum, all kinds of shale and coal tar spirits, but not including kerosene and other refined burning oils ... ... the gallon	0 0 10	0 0 10
	(3) Illuminating, including kerosene and other refined burning oils the gallon	0 0 10	0 0 10
	(4) Lubricating ... ... the gallon	0 0 8	0 0 8
	(5) All other, including edible ... ... the gallon	0 1 0	0 1 0 *or ad val.* 16⅔% *whichever is the higher.*
22	Provisions :		
	(1) Butter, cheese and edible fats of all kinds not in this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and not particularly exempted in the Second Schedule ... the lb.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad. val whichever is the higher.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(2) Coffee, cocoa and chicory ... ... the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 6
	(3) Confectionery of all kinds not in this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and not particularly exempted in the Second Schedule	33⅓% ad val.	33⅓% ad val.
	(4) Fish, including extracts, pastes, roes and other preparations of fish :		
	(*a*) in tins, jars, bottles, cartons or similar receptacles the lb.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(*b*) other, but not including fish exempted from duty in the Second Schedule ... ... the lb.	0 0 1 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.	0 0 1 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(5) Flour ... ... the 100 lbs.	0 2 3	0 2 3
	(6) Meat, including game, poultry, extracts, pastes, sausages and other preparations of meat :		
	(*a*) in tins, jars, bottles, cartons or similar receptacles the lb.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(*b*) other ... ... the lb.	0 0 2 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.	0 0 2 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(7) Fruit and nuts :		
	(*a*) Fresh fruit ... ... the lb.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(*b*) Fruits in liquid, not liable to duty as spirits, and dried fruits, including currants, figs, prunes, raisins and candied and crystallised fruits ... ... the lb.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.	0 0 3 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(*c*) Nuts ... ... the lb.	0 0 2 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.	0 0 2 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(8) Onions and garlic ... ... the lb.	0 0 1½	0 0 1½
	[(8A)] (9) Potatoes (*fresh*) ... ... the lb.	0 0 0½	0 0 0½
	[(9)] (10) Rice ... ... the 100 lbs.	0 3 4	0 3 4
	[(10)] (11) Salt, other than table salt ... ... the 100 lbs.	0 2 6	0 2 6
	[(11)] (12) (*a*) Sugar ... ... the lb.	0 0 1	0 0 1
	(*b*) Saccharine and similar sweetening substances the oz.	0 2 0	0 2 0
	[(12)] (13) Tea ... ... the lb.	0 0 8	0 0 8

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued.*

Item No.	Article	Former Duty	New Duty
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
24	Soap of a kind not in this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and not particularly exempted in the Second Schedule, *but not including toilet soap :*		
	(1) solid and soft.... ... ... the 100 lbs.	0 4 0	0 4 0
	(2) flake or powder, including scouring soap ... the lb.	0 0 2	0 0 2
25	Spirits :		
	(1) Brandy, gin, rum and whisky ... ... the gallon	2 12 0	2 12 0
	(2) Varnishes, polishes, lacquers, liquid driers, fluids for the operation of hydraulic brakes and shock absorbers, *antiseptics* and similar liquids, whether containing spirits or not ... the gallon	0 4 0 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.	0 4 0 or 16⅔% ad val. whichever is the higher.
	(3) All other spirits, whether potable or not, unless exempted from duty in the Second Schedule. Provided that for the purposes of this sub-item medicinal preparations containing less than 4½% of proof spirit which are not particularly exempted in the Second Schedule and other liquids containing less than 2% of proof spirit shall not be deemed to be spirits ... ... the gallon	2 12 0 or 50% ad val. whichever is the highest.	2 12 0 or 50% ad val. whichever is the higher.

Advertising matter having no commercial value otherwise than as such is added to the list of goods which may be imported free of duty.

Note.—The wording in *italics* represents an addition to the Tariff.

The wording in square brackets [ ] represents a deletion from the Tariff.

NYASALAND

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS

The Supplement to the "Nyasaland Government Gazette" of 19 November 1941, contains a copy of Government Notice No. 146 (which was amended by two Orders of 1 December) and provides for the following modifications in the Nyasaland Customs Tariff :—

TABLE I.—Import Duties : Specific

Item No.	Article	Former Duty	New Duty
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	Ale, beer, stout, porter, cider and perry ... ... per Imp. gallon	0 3 7	0 4 6
2	Bicycles and tricycles, not elsewhere enumerated, including the usual equipment when imported with and as accessories to an individual bicycle or tricycle		
	[(or 20% ad val. whichever shall be the greater)]		
	Provided that [in the case of a second-hand bicycle or tricycle imported for the use of the importer the specific rate of duty shall not apply] *the duty may be reduced in the discretion of the Comptroller of Customs where he is satisfied that any such bicycle or tricycle is second-hand* each	0 16 0	0 15 0
3	Blankets (cotton) ... ... each	0 0 7½	0 0 10
	[(or 35% ad val. whichever shall be the greater)]		
4	Boots and shoes made principally of rubber and canvas per pair	0 0 7	0 0 8
	[(or 20% ad val. whichever shall be the greater)]		
6	Cards, playing ... ... per pack	0 1 6	0 2 6
10	Cotton piece-goods—		
	(*a*) not exceeding 36 inches at rate of per twelve lineal yards	0 1 9	0 2 0
	[(or 30% ad val. whichever shall be the greater)]		
	(*b*) exceeding 36 inches in width ... at rate of per twelve square yards	0 1 9	0 2 0
	[(or 30% ad val. whichever shall be the greater)]		
	[(*c*) Chuddars, handkerchiefs (mufflers), khangas, scarves, shawls and the like]	[20% ad val. plus a temporary duty of 13⅓% ad val.]	
	Provided that a duty at the rate of 1*s.* 9*d. per twelve lineal yards shall be applied to such cotton piece-goods as may be prescribed by the Governor in Council.*		
	(*i*) *Grey sheeting,* 36 *inches and under.*		
	(*ii*) *Grey jeans and drills,* 36 *inches and under.*		
	(*iii*) *Black jeans and drills,* 36 *inches and under.*		
10*A*	*Chuddars, bed sheets and the like* ... ... *per pair*		0 0 8
10*B*	*Handkerchiefs (mufflers) and khangas* ... ... *per dozen*		0 0 9
10*C*	*Scarves* ... ... *per pair*		0 1 0
10*D*	*Shawls* ... ... *each*		0 0 9
13	Ghee, and ghee substitutes ... ... [per lb.]	0 1 1	13% ad val.
21	Salt, but not including table salt ... ... per ton	1 10 0	1 0 0
24	Silk, artificial or admixtures of artificial silk and other material per [lineal] yard	0 0 2¼	0 0 3
	[(or 28% ad val. whichever shall be the greater)]		
28	Spirits :		
	(*a*) Liqueurs, cordials, syrups, bitters and mixed spirits exceeding 3% proof spirit ... ... per Imp. gallon	1 14 6	3 9 0
	(*b*) Other sorts exceeding 3% proof spirit, viz., brandy, whisky, rum, gin and geneva ... ... per proof gallon	2 11 0	3 4 0
29	Sugar ... ... per cwt.	0 2 6	0 1 3
31	Tobacco :		
	(*a*) Cigars ... ... per lb.	0 5 9	0 10 0
	(*b*) Cigarettes ... ... per lb.	0 8 6	0 12 0
	(*c*) Tobacco, manufactured ... ... per lb.	0 6 0	0 9 0
	(*d*) Snuff ... ... per lb.	0 5 9	0 5 9
	(*e*) Tobacco, unmanufactured ... ... per lb.	0 1 8	0 1 8
34	Wines :		
	(*a*) Vermouth ... ... per Imp. gallon	0 8 0	0 16 0
	(*b*) Sherry or port ... ... per Imp. gallon	0 8 6	0 17 0
	(*c*) Other still wines :		
	Imported in bottle ... ... per Imp. gallon	0 5 3	0 10 6
	Imported in cask or demijohn ... ... per Imp. gallon	0 3 0	0 6 0
	(*d*) Champagne ... ... per Imp. gallon	1 0 0	2 0 0
	(*e*) Other sparkling wines ... ... per Imp. gallon	0 13 6	1 7 0

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued.*

NYASALAND—*Continued.*

The following three new tables are inserted after Table I :—

TABLE IA

Import Duties : Ad Valorem 84 per cent.
Furniture, not including Billiard Equipment

TABLE IB

Import Duties : Ad Valorem 50 per cent.

1. Glass and glassware, domestic and fancy.
2. Photographic cameras and accessories.
3. Clothing (second-hand) imported for sale.
4. Silks in the piece and silk manufactures.

TABLE IC

Import Duties : Ad Valorem 40 per cent.

1. Aerated waters.
2. Beverages, namely, fruit juice, cordials and syrups, not elsewhere enumerated.
3. Confectionery, sweets and crystallised fruits, including sweet biscuits.
4. Firearms and parts thereof and ammunition.

TABLE II

Import Duties : Ad Valorem 33⅓ per cent.

Items 1 and 2 are deleted and substituted by the following :—

1. Carpets and rugs, floor.
2. (*a*) Jewellery, including imitation jewellery and rolled gold, enamel and gilt jewellery, precious stones and pearls and imitations thereof whether mounted or unmounted, ornamental buckles, necklaces and similar articles of adornment, not elsewhere enumerated.
   (*b*) Gold and silver plate and gold and silver plated wares, not elsewhere enumerated.

TABLE III

Items 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 and 13 are deleted.*

TABLE IV

Item 4 is deleted.*

TABLE IX

Import Duty Free

Item 16A is deleted and substituted by the following :—

16A. Motor vehicles being the property of European members of His Majesty's armed forces where duty on such vehicles has already been paid in some other African territory where British forces are serving :

Provided that if the ownership in such motor vehicle shall be transferred by the importer (or his assignee where such assignee is a European member of His Majesty's armed forces) to any person registered in the Protectorate not being a European member of the aforesaid forces the following duty shall be payable :—

(*a*) In the case of motor cars and motor-cycles 15 per cent. of the price at which the vehicle is sold in the Protectorate ; and

(*b*) In the case of commercial vehicles the duty payable under Table I of Schedule 1 of the Customs Ordinance.

The following new item is added :—

40. Hoes.

Note.—The wording in *italics* represents an addition to the Tariff.
The wording in square brackets [ ] represents a deletion from the Tariff.

* Items listed in " Board of Trade Journal " of 18 January 1940 (pages 82-85).

SOUTHERN RHODESIA

IMPORT AND EXPORT CONTROL REGULATIONS

The Board of Trade have received a copy of Government Notice No. 612, dated 20 December 1941, published in the " Southern Rhodesian Government Gazette Extraordinary " of 22 December 1941, containing a copy of the Import Control Regulations 1941.

The regulations prohibit, as from 1 January 1942, the importation into Southern Rhodesia *of all goods* except under permit. Provision is made for the non-requirement of a permit for any goods the order for which was placed on or before 24 December 1941. This exception does not apply to goods to be delivered at intervals under a standing order.

With a few exceptions goods grown, produced or manufactured in the Union of South Africa, Northern Rhodesia, Nyasaland Protectorate, Bechuanaland Protectorate, Basutoland, Swaziland or the Mandated Territory of South West Africa are, however, exempt from this requirement.

Government Notice No. 613 contains a copy of the Export Control Regulations 1941 which provide for the prohibition of the export of certain goods from Southern Rhodesia, except under permit.

A copy of these Import and Export Control Regulations may be seen by persons interested at the Department of Overseas Trade, Neville House, Page Street, London, S.W.1.

SUSPENSION OF CUSTOMS DUTIES ON DRIED BEANS

The Board of Trade have received a copy of Government Notice No. 608, dated 19 December 1941, published in the " Southern Rhodesian Government Gazette " of the same date, which provides for the suspension of the Customs duties in respect of dried beans falling within Tariff Item 35 (a).

ST. CHRISTOPHER AND NEVIS

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

The " St. Christopher and Nevis Official Gazette " of 16 October 1941 contains a copy of a notice which, except as regards the list referred to, is reproduced below.

" In accordance with the general policy throughout the Colonial Empire of restricting the importation of non-essential articles and reducing the consumption of imported goods, the public is notified that import licences will no longer be granted for a number of articles and that licences for certain other articles will be granted for limited quantities only.

" 2. It is emphasised that all imported goods are subject to the licensing system which requires that a licence shall be obtained before any goods are imported into the Colony irrespective of the country of origin. Open general licences will for the most part be issued for goods the produce or manufacture of the West Indian area. Goods arriving in the Colony for which licences have not been obtained are liable to confiscation. It should be recognised that all imported goods are liable to restriction in quantity and that licences will not necessarily be granted for goods which do not appear in the prohibited list.

" 3. The prohibition set forth in the list will be subject to the following qualifications, and the attention of the public is particularly directed to the provision that they do not apply to goods which are produced or manufactured in the British West Indian Colonies, Bermuda, British Guiana and British Honduras.

" (1) Notwithstanding the prohibition, the Competent Authority may allow importation under special licence of goods as to which he is satisfied that they were *bona fide* ordered before the date of this notice ;

(2) The prohibitions will not apply to goods as to which the Competent Authority is satisfied that they are required by the naval, military or air authorities of His Majesty's Forces ;

" (3) The prohibitions will not apply to goods as to which the Competent Authority is satisfied that they are being imported in the circumstances described in Article XIV (1) of the Agreement signed in London on 27 March 1941 for the leasing of Bases to the United States of America ;

" (4) The prohibitions will not apply to goods as to which a certificate of the Director of Medical Services is produced to the Competent Authority that they are required for use in hospitals or similar institutions or otherwise for medical purposes ;

" (5) Notwithstanding the prohibitions the Competent Authority may allow freely *under licence* the importation of goods which are produced or manufactured in the British West Indian Colonies, Bermuda, British Guiana and British Honduras ;

" (6) The prohibitions will not apply to goods as to which the Competent Authority is satisfied that they are required for ships' stores and that adequate arrangements have been made with the Customs authorities to ensure that such goods are used exclusively for ships' stores ;

" (7) The prohibitions shall not operate in respect of any goods obtainable from the British West Indian Colonies and British Guiana from stocks which are shown to the satisfaction of the Competent Authority to have been imported prior to the publication of this notice ;

" (8) The Competent Authority may allow the importation under special licence of machinery or mechanical devices required to replace similar machinery or devices in use in an existing business or for use in an approved new business to be started ;

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued.*

"(9) The prohibitions shall not operate in respect of *bona fide* unsolicited gifts, sent by parcel post or otherwise, up to a value of $10."

The list referred to above is similar to that in force in Grenada (see the "Board of Trade Journal" of 29 November, pages 339–340) with the following exceptions :—

Goods *not* prohibited in the case of St. Christopher and Nevis.	Goods prohibited in the case of St. Christopher and Nevis.
Class I Canned fruit. Canned soups.	*Class I* Cakes; cereals (prepared) except rolled oats and oatmeal. N.B.—The only foodstuffs which may be imported from the United Kingdom are (at present) prepared cocoa, tea and invalid and infant milk foods. The position of whisky and gin is under special consideration by the United Kingdom authorities.
Class III Ornamental flowers.	*Class III* Alphagatas; chinaware, earthenware and porcelain—expensive and purely ornamental; lace and lace net (except Bretonne net); Quota for linoleum and oilcloth.

EGYPT

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS

With reference to the notice under the above heading in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 15 November 1941 (p. 308) the Egyptian "Journal Officiel" of 25 November 1941 contains a decree dated 25 November which adds cotton seed oil to the list of prohibited exports.

Overseas Trade

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS AND EXPORTERS

The Department of Overseas Trade, 99-103, St. Michael's Road, Bournemouth (Telephone, Bournemouth 7280), the address of whose London Office is Neville House, Page Street, S.W.1 (Telephone, Whitehall 9040), is prepared to give advice and assistance to manufacturers and exporters of United Kingdom goods in regard to all matters relating to overseas trade.

United Kingdom exporters who wish to obtain a Government guarantee giving protection against credit risks should apply to the Export Credits Guarantee Department, 9, Clements Lane, Lombard Street, London, E.C.6.

OPENINGS FOR BRITISH TRADE

UNITED KINGDOM

TENDER

TRINITY HOUSE, LONDON

The Corporation of Trinity House invite tenders for any or all of the following stores, viz. :—

Bedding, boathooks, brooms and brushes, canvas, chamois leathers, cleaning stores, cooperage, cordage, cotton waste, cotton wicks, flags and bunting, glass cylinders, ironmongery, metal polish, oars, rope, shipchandlery, ships' fenders.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Trinity House, Tower Hill, London, E.C.3, to whom tenders in sealed envelopes are to be returned not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, 20 February 1942.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. J. M. NICOLLE, Secretary.

LINDAPTER
LINDSAY PATENT
Member King's Roll
RIGID FIXING WITHOUT DRILLING

BOLT ADAPTERS
Despatch from stock
USING ANY ORDINARY BOLTS
HENRY LINDSAY LTD., QUEEN'S RD., BRADFORD
Grams: LINDSAY, Phone, BFD. Phone: BFD. 5457 (2 Lines)

Statutory and Other Government Notices

POSTAL SECTION

AIR MAIL CORRESPONDENCE FOR AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

The Postmaster-General has announced that, as a result of temporary interruption in the air service to Australia and New Zealand, air mail correspondence for those countries is for the present being routed via the United States of America and thence by sea, and may be subject to some delay.

The normal air postage rate of 1s. 3d. per half ounce (postcards 7d.) still applies.

MAILS LOST BY ENEMY ACTION

The Postmaster-General regrets to announce that the undermentioned mails have been lost by enemy action :—

From the United Kingdom

Surface Mails	Districts and Approximate Dates of Posting
Parcels for :—	
Barbados	London and Provinces: 11–17 September.
Parcels (via New York) for :—	
Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Hawaii, Mexico, Panama Canal Zone, Phillipine Islands, Samoa, United States of America and the Virgin Islands of U.S.A.	London and Provinces: 20–26 November.

For the United Kingdom

Surface Mails	
Letters, Printed Papers and Parcels from :—	
Portugal	21 October–22 November.
The following Air Mails have also been lost :—	
Correspondence for :—	
Gibraltar (part of unregistered correspondence only).	London and Provinces: 6–14 December.

AIRGRAPH SERVICE

The number of Airgraph forms handed out by Post Offices each week greatly exceeds the number of Airgraph messages actually sent to His Majesty's Forces in the Middle East.

It is most important, particularly in view of the paper shortage, that the forms should not be wasted and the Postmaster-General appeals to the public to make careful use of the forms and to ask only for sufficient copies to meet their immediate requirements.

PATENT AND DESIGNS ACTS 1907 to 1939

PROCEEDINGS UNDER SECTION 24

LICENCES OF RIGHT

The following Patents were endorsed "Licences of Right" on the dates specified below :—

No. of Patent	Grantee	Subject Matter
	29 January 1942	
454532	Morley & Co. Ltd., R. & anr. ...	Pianofortes.
464524		Pianofortes.
465383		Pianofortes.
469592		Upright pianofortes.
	2 February 1942	
371987	Triggs, W. W. (Pratt & Whitney Co.)	Gear grinder and the like.
396316	Pratt & Whitney Co.	Reproducing machines.
408794		Profiling tracers for an electrically operated copying machine.
422380		Automatic lathes.
451157	Triggs, W. W. (Pratt & Whitney Co.) ...	Electrically operated turning lathes.
527205	Triggs, W. W. (Niles-Bement-Pond Co.)	Tracer controlled machine tools.
467889	Hanovia Chemical and Manufacturing Co.	Air conditioning apparatus.

The Patent Office. M. F. LINDLEY, *Comptroller-General.*

Statutory and Other Government Notices—*Contd.*

CINEMATOGRAPH FILMS ACT, 1938

FILMS REGISTERED IN THE WEEK ENDED 9 FEBRUARY 1942

Title of Film	Registered in the name of	Maker's name	Length (feet)	Registered No.	Date of Registration
		BRITISH			
Hard Steel	General Film Distributors Ltd. ...	G.H.W. Productions Ltd. ...	7,768	BR/R. 4941	5 February
Architects Of England ...	Ditto	Strand Film Co. Ltd.	1,182	BR/R. 4942	5 February
Song Of The Clyde	Ditto	Merton Park Studios Ltd. ...	1,001	BR/R. 4943	5 February
Stone	Ditto	British Foundation Pictures Ltd.	1,656	BR/R. 4944	5 February
Western Isles...	Ditto	Merton Park Studios Ltd. ...	1,334	BR/R. 4945	5 February
World Garden	Ditto	Spectator Short Films Ltd. ...	1,028	BR/R. 4946	5 February
Knights Of St. John... ...	N.S.S. Productions Ltd.	Strand Film Co. Ltd.	620	BR/E. 4960	6 February
Rush Hour	Ditto	Twentieth Century Productions Ltd.	555	BR/E. 4966	7 February
		FOREIGN			
In The Rear Of The Enemy	Anglo-American Film Corp. Ltd.	Moscow Soviet Youth Film Studios	5,000	F. 4934	4 February
Spooks Run Wild	Pathé Pictures Ltd.	Monogram Pictures Corp. ...	5,821	F. 4935	4 February
Gentleman From Dixie ...	Ditto	Ditto	5,495	F. 4936	4 February
Jungle Man	Ditto	Producers' Releasing Corp. ...	5,571	F. 4937	4 February
Dangerous Lady	Ditto	Ditto	5,725	F. 4938	4 February
Mr. Celebrity	Ditto	Ditto	6,118	F. 4939	4 February
Professional Bride	Ditto	Ditto	5,962	F. 4940	4 February
Sing Another Chorus ...	General Film Distributors Ltd. ...	Universal Pictures Co. Inc. ...	5,771	F. 4947	5 February
Hysterical Highspots In American History	Ditto	Ditto	609	F. 4948	5 February
Scrub me, Mama, With A Boogie Beat	Ditto	Ditto	611	F. 4949	5 February
The Trail of The Buccaneers	Ditto	Ditto	826	F. 4950	5 February
The Hermit Of Oklahoma ...	Ditto	Ditto	816	F. 4951	5 February
Doin' The Town	Ditto	Ditto	1,359	F. 4952	5 February
The Candy Kid ...	Ditto	Ditto	842	F. 4953	5 February
In The Groove	Ditto	Ditto	1,498	F. 4954	5 February
Recruiting Daze	Ditto	Ditto	607	F. 4955	5 February
Shampoo Springs	Ditto	Ditto	804	F. 4956	5 February
George Washington, Country Gentleman	Ditto	Ditto	863	F. 4957	5 February
Skyline Serenade	Ditto	Ditto	1,419	F. 4958	5 February
Mouse Trappers	Ditto	Ditto	615	F. 4959	5 February
Miss Polly	United Artists Corp. Ltd. ...	Hal Roach Studios Inc.	3,991	F. 4961	6 February
A Date With The Falcon ...	R.K.O. Radio Pictures Ltd. ...	R.K.O. Radio Pictures Inc. ...	5,679	F. 4962	6 February
Call Out The Marines ...	Ditto	Ditto	6,059	F. 4963	6 February
Playmates	Ditto	Ditto	8,611	F. 4964	6 February
The Nifty Nineties	Ditto	Walt Disney Productions Inc. ...	682	F. 4965	6 February
L'Esclave Blanche	Studio One Film Distributors Ltd.	Lucia Films	8,000	F. 4967	7 February

BR/E indicates "for the exhibitors' quota only."
BR/R indicates "for the exhibitors' and renters' quotas."

BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE IN CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

The following is a list of Chambers of Commerce established in certain foreign countries in the interest of British Trade:—

ARGENTINA.—British Chamber of Commerce for the Argentine Republic (Inc.), Calle Bme. Mitre 441 (6 Piso), Buenos Aires.
British Chamber of Commerce in Rosario (affiliated to the above), c/o British Consulate, Rosario.

BRAZIL.—British Chamber of Commerce in Brazil (Inc.), Rua Visconde de Inhauma No. 91, 2°, Caixa Postal 56, Rio de Janeiro. (Telegraphic address: "Chambrit, Riojaneiro.")
(Representatives in London.—Association of British Chambers of Commerce, 14, Queen Anne's Gate, Westminster, S.W.1.)
British Chamber of Commerce of Sao Paulo and Southern Brazil, Rua Sao Bento No. 355, 3°, Sao Paulo, Brazil. (Telegraphic address: "Britchamb, Sao Paulo.")

CHILE.—British Chamber of Commerce in the Republic of Chile (Ind.), Calle Blanco 853 (Casilla 1676), Valparaiso.
Branches in Concepcion, Talcahuano, and Punta Arenas.

CHINA.—Association of British Chambers of Commerce in China and Hong Kong, 1, The Bund, Shanghai.
Shanghai British Chamber of Commerce, 27, The Bund, Shanghai.
Amoy British Chamber of Commerce, c/o Boyd & Co., Ltd., Amoy.
Canton British Chamber of Commerce, Shameen, Canton.
Chefoo British Chamber of Commerce, Chefoo.
Chungking British Chamber of Commerce, c/o Barry & Dodwell, Chungking.
Foochow British Chamber of Commerce, Foochow.
Hankow British Chamber of Commerce, Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank Building, The Bund, Hankow.
Harbin British Chamber of Commerce, c/o The Manchurian Co., Ltd., 119 Novotorgovaya St., New Town, Harbin.
Swatow British Chamber of Commerce, c/o Reiss Bradley & Co., Ltd., Swatow.
Tientsin British Chamber of Commerce, 181, Victoria Road, Tientsin.
Tsingtao British Chamber of Commerce, Tsingtao.

EGYPT.—British Chamber of Commerce of Egypt, 5, Sharia Borsa Guedida, Cairo. 6, Rue de l'Ancienne Bourse, Alexandria, P.O. Box No. 65, Port Said.
(Agents in the United Kingdom—The Manchester Chamber of Commerce, Ship Canal House, King Street, Manchester.)

MEXICO.—Central British Chamber of Commerce, San Juan De Letran 21 (office 713), Mexico, D.F.

NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES.—British Chamber of Commerce for the Netherlands East Indies (Inc.), Batavia, Java.
London Office.—Cecil Chambers, 86, Strand, London, W.C.2.

PORTUGAL.—British Chamber of Commerce in Portugal (Inc.), 4, Rue Victor Cordon, Lisbon. (Telegraphic address: "Britcham, Lisbon.")
Branches.—6, Rua dos Clerigos, Oporto.
13A, rue 5 de Junha, Funchal, Madeira.

SPAIN.—Rambla de los Estudios, 8, Barcelona, and Avenida de Jose Antonio 31, Madrid.
Canary Islands.—Santa Catalina Mole, Puerto de la Luz, P.O. Box 72, Las Palmas.

SWITZERLAND.—British Chamber of Commerce in Switzerland (Inc.) 21 St. Jakobstrasse, Basle.
Branch.—3, Place St. Francois, Lausanne.

TURKEY.—British Chamber of Commerce of Turkey (Inc.), 1, Istanbu Hani, Istanbul. (Postal address, Boite Postale 1190, Istanbul.)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—British Empire Chamber of Commerce in the United States of America, 587, Fifth Avenue, 7th Floor, New York City.

URUGUAY.—British Chamber of Commerce in Uruguay, Calle Piedras, 357 (2° Piso), Montevideo.

N.B.—Some of these Chambers issue a Journal periodically or an Annual Report, which may be inspected at the Department Overseas Trade (Development and Intelligence), Glenroy Hotel, St. Michael's Road, Bournemouth.

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